

1. Evaluate $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx$

2. Evaluate $\int \arctan x dx$

3. Evaluate $\int x \ln x dx$

4. Evaluate $\int \frac{x+1}{x^2+2x-3} dx$

5. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = \sqrt{x}$ about the x -axis. Sketch the region and the solid.

6. Let \mathcal{R} be the region bounded by $y = \frac{\ln x}{x}$, $x = 1$, $x = e$, and $y = 0$. Sketch \mathcal{R} and find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving \mathcal{R} about the y -axis.

7. Evaluate $\int e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Hint: use two integration techniques successively.

8. Evaluate $\int \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$

by making the trigonometric substitution $x = \cos\theta$.

9. Evaluate $\int_0^\pi \cos^4 x dx$

10. Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{x^2+x-2} dx$

11. Evaluate $\int \frac{x}{(x-1)^2} dx$

12. Evaluate $\frac{d}{dx} \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} e^{-t^2} dt$

13. Find the area under the curve $y = \ln x$ between $x = 1$ and $x = e$.